



## 10th Tutorial Analysis I (engl.) Winter Term 2009/10

### (T10.1)

We define a sequence of sets in the following way:

$$\begin{aligned}C_0 &:= [0, 1], \\C_1 &:= C_0 \setminus \left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right), \\C_2 &:= C_1 \setminus \left(\left(\frac{1}{9}, \frac{2}{9}\right) \cup \left(\frac{7}{9}, \frac{8}{9}\right)\right), \\&\vdots \\&\vdots\end{aligned}$$

In general we construct  $C_{n+1}$  from  $C_n$  by removing the open middle third of each of the  $2^n$  intervals of which  $C_n$  consists. The *Cantor set*  $C$  is now given by

$$C := \bigcap_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n.$$

Prove that  $C$  is compact and that we for the interior  $C^\circ$  of  $C$  have  $C^\circ = \emptyset$ .

### (T10.2)

Let  $X, Y \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  be nonempty. We call a mapping  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  a *homeomorphism* if  $f$  is bijective and if both  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$  are continuous. Prove that if  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  is bijective and continuous and if  $X$  is compact then  $f$  is a homeomorphism.