



Exercises Unit 4

1. Which of the following functions are injective, surjective, bijective?

$$\begin{array}{ll} f_1 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & f_4 : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \mapsto x^2 & x \mapsto x^3 \\ \\ f_2 : \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & f_5 : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \mapsto x^2 & x \mapsto \frac{1}{x} \\ \\ f_3 : \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} & f_6 : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{>0} \\ x \mapsto x^2 & x \mapsto \frac{1}{x^2} \end{array}$$

2. Find a function $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ which is

- (a) injective but not surjective,
- (b) surjective but not injective.

3. Find functions f and g such that the following functions can be written as $f \circ g$.

$$\begin{array}{ll} F_1(x) = \sqrt{x+9} & F_3(x) = \sqrt{x} + 2 \\ F_2(x) = (x-5)^2 & F_4(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} \end{array}$$

4. (a) Consider the functions f and g from \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R} given by $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x - 3$. Find the composite functions $f \circ f$, $f \circ g$, $g \circ f$ and $g \circ g$ and determine the domain of each function. Demonstrate that $f \circ g$ is not necessarily the same as $g \circ f$.
- (b) Find $f \circ g \circ h$ where $f(x) = x/(x+1)$, $g(x) = x^2$ and $h(x) = x + 3$. Find the maximal subset of \mathbb{R} on which $f \circ g \circ h$ is defined.

5. Find all zeros of the following functions:

$$\begin{array}{ll} f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & \\ x \mapsto x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6 & \\ \\ g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & \\ x \mapsto x^4 - 4x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 1 & \\ \\ h : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & \\ x \mapsto x^4 - 1 & \end{array}$$

6. Determine the set

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} : f(x) = 1\},$$

with

$$\begin{array}{ll} f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} & \\ x \mapsto x^3 - x^2 - 4x + 5 & \end{array}$$