



# Einführung in die Mathematische Statistik

## 6. Tutorium - Lösungsvorschlag

### Aufgabe 1

(a) Da  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  iid  $B(1, \theta)$ -verteilt sind, gilt

$$P_\theta(X_1 = x_1, \dots, X_n = x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n \theta^{x_i} (1 - \theta)^{1-x_i} = L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n).$$

Also folgt

$$1 = \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} P_\theta(X_1 = x_1, \dots, X_n = x_n) = \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n).$$

(b) Aufgrund der Erwartungstreue ist

$$\theta = E_\theta(T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n)).$$

Weiterhin ist

$$\begin{aligned} E_\theta(T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n)) &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} T_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \prod_{i=1}^n P_\theta(X_i = x_i) \\ &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} T_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \cdot L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n). \end{aligned}$$

(c) Es ist

$$\begin{aligned} E_\theta \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right) &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) \cdot \prod_{i=1}^n P_\theta(X_i = x_i) \\ &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) \cdot L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n). \end{aligned}$$

Da

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)}$$

ist, folgt

$$E_\theta \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right) = \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n).$$

Nach (a) gilt

$$\sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n) = 1,$$

also erhält man durch Differenzieren nach  $\theta$

$$\sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n) = 0.$$

**Aufgabe 2** Differenzieren nach  $\theta$  ergibt

$$1 = \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} T_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n).$$

Da

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)}{L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)},$$

folgt

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} T_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n) \\ &= \sum_{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \{0,1\}^n} T_n(x_1, \dots, x_n) \cdot L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) \\ &= \mathbb{E}_\theta \left( T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right). \end{aligned}$$

Weiterhin ist

$$\mathbb{E}_\theta \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right) = 0$$

nach Aufgabe 1. Somit ergibt sich

$$\mathbb{E}_\theta \left( (T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n) - \tau(\theta)) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right) = 1.$$

Anwendung von Satz 3 und die Erwartungstreue von  $T_n$  ergeben

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= \left( \mathbb{E}_\theta \left( (T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n) - \tau(\theta)) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right) \right)^2 \\ &\leq \text{Var}_\theta(T_n(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \cdot \mathbb{E}_\theta \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right|^2. \end{aligned}$$

**Aufgabe 3** Es ist

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(x_1, \dots, x_n)) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{x_i}{\theta} - \frac{1-x_i}{1-\theta} \right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i - \theta}{\theta(1-\theta)}.$$

Also gilt

$$\mathbb{E}_\theta \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln(L_\theta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) \right|^2 = \mathbb{E}_\theta \left| \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{X_i - \theta}{\theta(1-\theta)} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{\theta^2(1-\theta)^2} \text{Var}_\theta \left( \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right) = \frac{n}{\theta(1-\theta)}.$$

Weiterhin ist

$$\text{Var}_\theta(T_n^*(X_1, \dots, X_n)) = \frac{1}{n^2} \text{Var}_\theta \left( \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right) = \frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{n}.$$